



WWF-UK
FOREST
& TRADE
NETWORK

Summer 2007

Newsletter

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WWF-UK Forest & Trade Network News

More member news stories please!

We are looking for members' positive stories to include in forthcoming UK-FTN Newsletters and the 2006/07 WWF-UK FTN Annual Report. Please send details, including any press releases, quotes or photos, to James Horne: jhorne@wwf.org.uk

Annual members' meeting update

A date for your diaries! This year's annual members meeting will be on Monday 1 October at the Building Centre, 26 Store Street, London WC1. You will of course be very welcome: please let James Horne know if you plan to attend: jhorne@wwf.org.uk
More information will follow, but please also put Thursday 4 October in your diary for another possible meeting which may be of benefit (more information will again follow soon).

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Introducing Julia Young, New UK FTN Manager



Hello! My first brush with the FTN newsletter may be the hardest – a blog about myself! Moving to WWF has been an exciting change for me, and my first two months a real whirlwind of getting to know the FTN. For many years I lived in southern Africa, working in diamond

exploration and mineral resource management for two major mining companies – Rio Tinto and then De Beers. I returned to the UK in 2004 to study, which was a remarkable experience because by then I was older and, I hope, wiser. I was awarded my LLM (Master of Law) in Environmental Law and Policy last year. I covered some topics very dear to

me: stewardship of the environment and its position in law, and the drivers of illegal resource use and how they can be alleviated by policy and legislation. After finishing my studies, I launched into some policy research work, first for the RSPB on coffee certification, and then for CPRE on environmental capacity issues. I'm looking forward to engaging with the UK FTN and doing my best on some of the challenges we face in taking action to protect forest resources.

FTN-UK Member news stories

Robert Horne re-launches the Revive range

The varying and often complex demand for recycled and environmentally friendly paper continues to grow, especially from government bodies, corporate end users and the commercial print sector.

Standing still in such a fast changing sector is not an option for the Robert Horne Group, which has just completed a wide-ranging review of its market leading Revive family of environmental paper.

Robert Horne has restructured and added a considerable number of new products to this well-established brand. The ultimate objective is to provide the customer with a one-stop choice for coated and uncoated recovered fibre and environmentally friendly paper and board.

Revive provides a wider choice than before. Its new tiered structure is easily recognisable and able to provide a solution for any print application, environmental or budgetary requirement.

Revive 100:

100% recovered fibre product available in uncoated, offset, silk, matt and gloss finishes. Uncoated and Offset grades hold FSC certification.

Revive 75:

75% recovered fibre grade with FSC mixed source certification in silk, matt and gloss finishes.

Revive 50:50: 50% recovered fibre and 50% virgin fibre, certified as an FSC mixed sources product. Designed to achieve a virgin fibre paper printing result in both quality and price, but with 50% recovered fibre to help bring environmental paper into the mainstream of commercial print. Available in gloss, silk and offset finishes.

Revive Special Silk:

30% recovered fibre product with FSC mixed sources certification, often used for high profile print requiring prestigious printing results.

Revive 100 LWC:

100% recovered fibre paper available in lighter weights specifically for the publishing and direct mail market place. FSC recycled certified

Bob Latham, Commercial Director at Robert Horne, explained, "We believe the new range has an environmentally responsible product for every need, application and budget requirement. Last year saw some forced changes – the loss of matt and gloss from the Salach paper mill, followed by the closure of the fine paper machine at Townsend Hook. However, these changes have enabled us to reevaluate the portfolio and add new and exciting products such as Revive 50:50 and the Revive 100 LWC range which we believe are answering the market's desire for mixed source products and 100% genuine waste grade for all forms of corporate publishing."

To find out more about the Revive portfolio, contact your local Robert Horne branch or visit www.roberthorne.co.uk

CO-OP first to roll out household sustainable paper range

The Co-op is the first retailer to convert its entire own-brand household paper range, including facial tissues, to material that has been completely sourced from FSC-certified responsibly-managed forests and recycling facilities.

The Co-operative own-label bathroom tissue, kitchen towel and facial tissue range now feature the FSC trademark, indicating that the products are made with wood fibre from well-managed forests according to strict environmental, social and economic standards.

Attention has been paid to all components – from the tissue to the cardboard to the packaging.

The range includes the following highlights: All products are from FSC-certified material; recycled toilet tissue and recycled kitchen towel options are available; degradable film is used to wrap the kitchen towel and toilet tissue – this is fully degradable in four years (conventional plastic takes up to 100 years); the core roll in the centre of the toilet tissue and kitchen towel is made from recycled material; the recycled cardboard box for the facial tissue range is made from post-consumer waste; and

all boxes for the facial tissue are entirely card and paper – there are no plastic components to interfere with recycling.

The range includes the UK's first FSC-certified recycled toilet tissue and kitchen towel. These are produced, in part, through a pioneering "Closing the Loop" initiative. This involves collecting waste paper from The Co-operative Group's head office complex in Manchester, which is also home to the north-west's largest in-house office waste recycling centre, opened by the Group in February. Here it is converted to recycled paper, which is used in the recycled bathroom tissue and kitchen towel sold in Co-op stores.

The source of this waste paper is independently verified by a certification body accredited by the FSC. Each stage of the production process, from the recycling plant to the manufacturer, is audited. The FSC certification encompasses the entire range of the Co-op's own-label household paper products, from Everyday to premium lines, providing customers with the assurance that they really are supporting sustainable forestry and recycling. This new range complements the Co-op's FSC

stationery range, FSC barbecue charcoal, FSC garden furniture and FSC kitchen utensils.

"All of us who care about the future of the world's forests take great encouragement from this bold commitment by such a large retailer as The Co-operative Group," said Charles Thwaites, executive director of FSC-UK. "FSC standards are very high and it requires a lot of dedication all round to create a watertight recycling system like 'Closing the Loop' which is open to independent checking. We congratulate The Co-operative Group for being in the forefront of verifiable sustainability."

Julia Young, WWF-UK FTN Manager, added, "The Co-op has shown that where there's a will to provide more environmentally responsible product choices for customers, there's also quite clearly a way!"

FOCUS supplier joins Malaysian Forest & Trade Network

In March, Test Rite Pte Ltd, a furniture trader based in Singapore and Malaysia, signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the Malaysia Forest and Trade Network, an initiative of WWF-Malaysia aligned with WWF's Global Forest and Trade Network (GFTN). By making this public commitment to purchase and produce responsible forest products, Test Rite joins a growing league of companies worldwide that are committed to responsible purchasing of timber products.

DIY retailer FOCUS encouraged Test Rite to join the Malaysia FTN so that the company could meet FOCUS' garden furniture timber sourcing standards. WWF-Malaysia conducted baseline assessments for Test Rite in 2006 and the MOU signing this year was the icing on the cake.

FOCUS environment manager Jo Hirst said, "Tropical timber sources for our garden furniture range are considered very carefully. We have very high standards and will only consider FSC-certified sources, or those working towards FSC status, as part of a time-bound agreement. We are delighted with Test Rite's commitment to the Malaysia FTN."

Speaking at the signing ceremony, WWF-Malaysia's Dr Arun Venkataraman said, "Neither the biodiversity of the world's forests, nor the forest products



industry, will survive in the long run if we don't ensure the sustainable management of forests for timber production. Through its partnership with WWF, Test Rite will work to ensure that all its raw materials come from legal and sustainable sources while at the same time helping to drive improvements in forest management in its source countries and securing its wood supply for the future."

For more information, see:
www.forestandtradeasia.org

Note: The timber used in FOCUS' 2007 Bermuda garden furniture range supplied by Test Rite is MTCC certified mixed Malaysian hardwood.

BBC Worldwide Moves more Lines to FSC

The UK's third largest publisher, BBC Magazines, has announced that two thirds of its 40-strong portfolio will carry the FSC logo from September. In addition to Radio Times, BBC History, BBC Wildlife, BBC Music and Focus magazines, which already carry the label, Gardeners' World, Good Food, Good Homes and Top Gear will all be printed on FSC-certified paper.

BBC Magazines paper manager, Steve Wehrle, explained, "We were offered FSC paper from the M REAL Corporation, whose headquarters are in Finland. M REAL has a number of mills in Europe, including the Hussum Mill in Sweden, from where our FSC paper for the additional titles will be produced. Of the 42,000 tonnes of paper purchased for BBC Magazines, 30,000 tonnes – that's 70% – will now be from FSC sources."

Radio Times switched to FSC in 2004, following in the footsteps of BBC History, BBC Music and Focus. Unsurprisingly, BBC Wildlife was the first BBC title to switch to FSC paper.

One Planet Business:

Creating Value within Planetary Limits

WWF, together with far-sighted businesses, NGOs, investors, governments and consumers, is building a system change network to explore transformative ways for business to create value and meet human demand within planetary limits. This initiative is called One Planet Business.

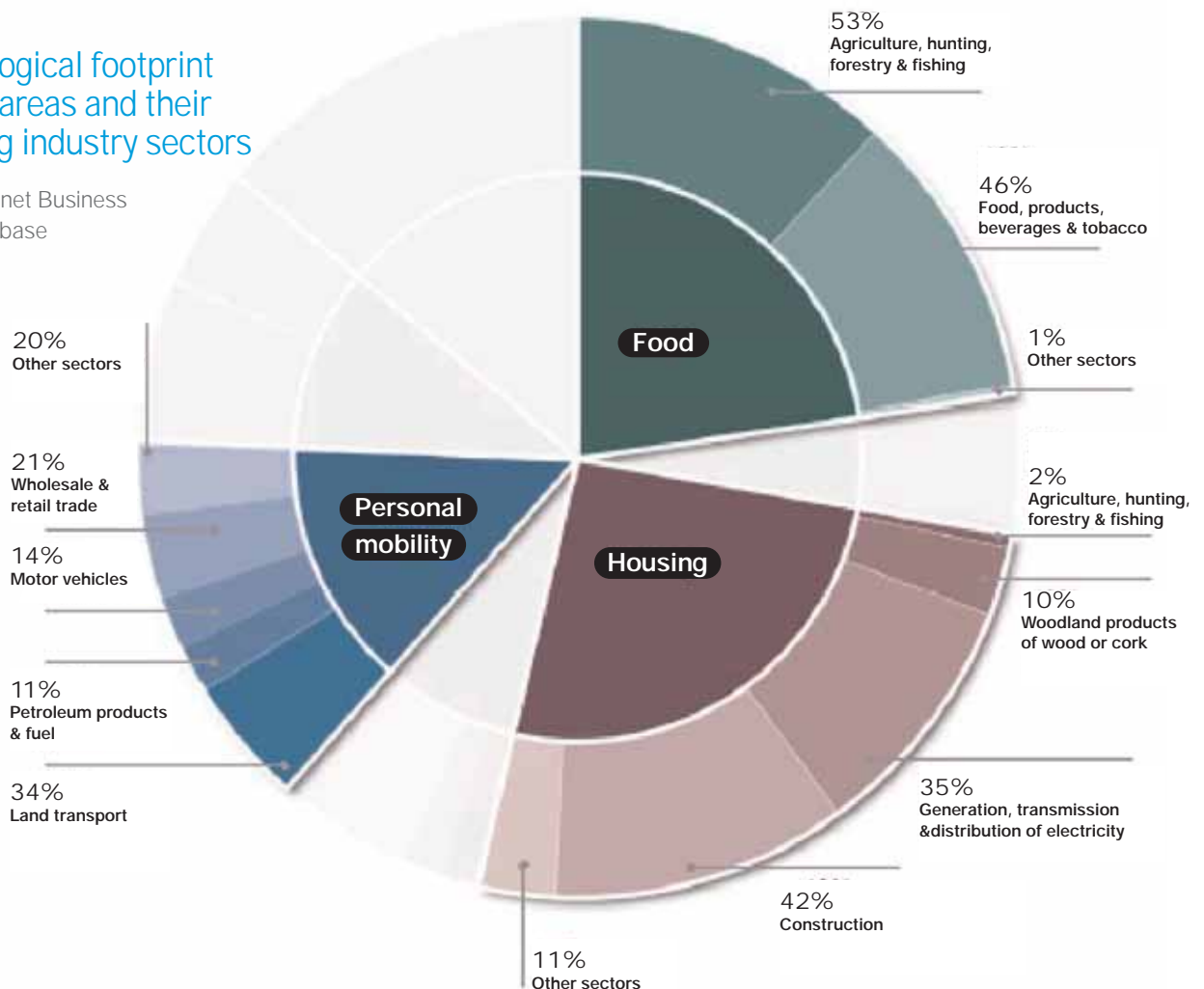
Like the Forest & Trade Network, One Planet Business is based on the belief that that no organisation, working alone, can achieve the scale of change necessary for sustainability. However, instead of focusing on well-defined issues of sustainability, such as managing the world's production forests, One Planet Business looks at the end demand for goods and services and asks

how they could be met in transformational ways that are within ecological limits. The first area of focus is personal mobility; later phases will examine other high-impact areas such as housing and food.

The research underlying the programme reveals the contribution of different demand areas to global environmental degradation. It also outlines the impact of the sectors and supply chains that meet these demands, showing where environmental damage is the greatest and indicating where policy-makers, investors and other stakeholders will push for change, as resource and carbon constraints continue to grow.

Global ecological footprint of demand areas and their contributing industry sectors

Source: One Planet Business global evidence base



Unlike the FTN, One Planet Business is a one-year process of engagement and involves organisations from the entire supply chain of personal mobility. This includes leading transport companies and the powerful actors that influence the market in which they operate, including national and local government, investment banks, consumer groups and the telecoms sector.

Issues being addressed include consumer motivation for change, financial markets and how they could relate to sustainable mobility, the internalisation of external costs and infrastructure requirements. WWF will work with other stakeholders to understand these barriers and opportunities, and to create joint action plans to scale up these solutions in practice.

The philosophy and research behind One Planet Business is explained in its first report, *Creating Value Within Planetary Limits*. This also draws out the key implications of global ecological overshoot for business: from increased resource prices and the risk of investment withdrawal to supply disruptions and growing regulatory pressure. It shows that in our resource- and carbon-constrained world, a new framework for business decision-making is evolving where ecological limits are paramount and will be a key success criterion for future business operations.

To download a copy of the report and to find out more about the One Planet Business programme, visit www.wwf.org.uk/oneplanetbusiness or contact the project managers – Michael Narberhaus at mnarberhaus@wwf.org.uk or Charlotte Salazar at csalazar@wwf.org.uk



New WWF-UK FTN Member

Canon Europe Ltd joined the FTN in May.

Christer Persson, director of European environment and product safety operations, said, "Joining the WWF UK FTN Group enables a sharing of ideas and values among companies that hold environmental issues as core to their business. Canon is committed to maximising resource efficiency and helping to create a society that practises sustainable development. In joining the FTN, we are ensuring the highest levels of commitment are reached within the organisation to maintain this. We look forward to a long association with WWF-UK FTN and its members."

Global Forest & Trade Network News

Tetra Pak joins Eastern Africa Corporate Club

The East Africa office of Tetra Pak, an international food packaging company, has joined the WWF Eastern Africa Corporate Club in a move to support local conservation and enhance corporate environmental responsibility. It will thus support forest management and restoration, and environmental education, in eastern Africa.

Set up in 2003, the club works with the corporate sector to increase public awareness of environmental issues and engages communities in conservation and sustainable livelihoods.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=106560

New WWF tool helps paper industry rate environmental risk

WWF has launched a new tool to help paper producers score the environmental quality of their products. Suitable for all paper grades, the WWF Paper Scorecard covers the main environmental impacts of paper production such as forest management and efficient use of fibres, CO2 emissions from use of fossil fuels, and pollution from chlorinated compounds and waste.

“The Scorecard is a self-evaluation tool for the industry and a test of their transparency,” explained Margareta Renstrom of WWF. “Although the ultimate goal is for producers to score well across all parameters, it’s also about producers being transparent and informing buyers how their paper products are impacting upon the environment.”

The Scorecard for a given product can be easily communicated to current and potential buyers because WWF will publish the results on www.panda.org after they have been independently audited.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=102640

Barama Company’s FSC Certification: update

WWF staff recently visited the Barama Company Ltd (BCL) forest concession in Guyana to observe its on-the-ground response to the suspension of its FSC certificate and the corrective action required by SGS Qualifor in January. This was a follow-up to a meeting between BCL, the FSC and WWF in Bonn which reviewed the audit findings that led to this suspension, but it was not a pre-audit inspection.

The visit included a limited survey of compartment 5 of the BCL concession, the Buck Hill sawmill and management centre, the main field camp, logging crew camps, and three non-BCL concessions where BCL is currently conducting harvesting operations. To read the findings, visit:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=100160

Netherlands to build 100,000 houses using FSC timber

Dutch housing associations have committed to building 100,000 homes – 25% of the total number to be built in the Netherlands – in the next five years using FSC-certified timber from Borneo.

“This shows that the market for FSC-certified timber is increasing significantly,” remarked Ian Kosasih, WWF-Indonesia’s forest species programme director.

Responsible forestry in Panama

A milestone in the history of forest conservation has been marked in the dense tropical rainforests of Panama’s eastern Darien region.

As part of a sustainable forest management and trade project coordinated by WWF, the region’s first sustainable harvesting plan has been launched, ensuring that forest areas are cut in 25-year cycles.

“This ensures that logging doesn’t exceed what the forest can regenerate,” explained Mauro Salazar, WWF Central America’s forestry director.

Under the plan, a limited number of mature trees are harvested the first year in one forest area – only four

or five trees per hectare so that the forest's ecological integrity is not harmed. The oldest seed-producing trees are spared, so as to ensure the survival of the species.

The following year logging would be allowed in a second area so that tree species in the first area could regenerate. A similar practice will continue in other areas throughout the forest over a 25-year logging cycle. When this cycle comes to an end, a new one will start again in the first area.

This model is based on the "Forests Forever" concept, which takes into account the principles and criteria of the FSC.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=97460



Other WWF/Forests News

For all the following stories, visit:

www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm

[CITES: Tropical tree stranded](#)

On the fourth day of the recent CITES conference, the EU withdrew its proposal to include Cedrela, a group of tropical trees species found in Latin America, in CITES Appendix II, which allows trade in a species under strict conditions.

The move came after all Latin American and Caribbean countries, supported by some African states and Canada, expressed their strong opposition to the timber proposal submitted by Germany on behalf of the EU.

WWF and TRAFFIC, the wildlife trade monitoring network, criticised the widespread lack of support for the proposal and said that a “golden opportunity” had been missed to ensure better management and measures to control trade of a threatened species.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=106100

[Tasmania ends forest conversion](#)

WWF-Australia has welcomed the decision by Forestry Tasmania and Gunns Limited to end forest conversion – logging native forest and replacing it with plantations – but warned that native vegetation on other land was still at risk. Tasmania is the only state in Australia where forest conversion is allowed to continue under the Regional Forest Agreements.

Over the last 10 years, well over 100,000 hectares of Tasmania’s native forest across public and private land has been converted to plantation.

“This decision by Forestry Tasmania and Gunns Limited is a welcome, but long overdue, recognition that forest conversion is no longer an acceptable practice,” declared Greg Bourne, chief executive of WWF-Australia.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=105961

[National park established in Russian Far East](#)

A new national park has been created in the Russian Far East, following years of advocacy work by WWF and local environmental groups. The Zov Tigra (Call of the Tiger) National Park covers 82,152 hectares in the forest area of the Sikhote-Alin mountain range in the far eastern Primorye region, and is the third of 21 protected areas in Russia planned by 2010. The park is host to abundant wildlife, including the endangered Siberian (or Amur) tiger.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=105480

[Far Eastern leopard still on brink of extinction](#)

Meanwhile, the tiger’s “cousin”, the Far Eastern or Amur leopard, is in serious decline. A new census shows that as few as 34 of these magnificent animals are left in the wild, renewing fears for the future of the species.

In February and March, WWF, the Wildlife Conservation Society and the Pacific Institute of Geography of the Russian Academy of Science, conducted a routine snow-track census of leopard numbers. “It confirmed once again that the Far Eastern leopard survives on a very shaky edge,” said Pavel Fomenko of WWF-Russia.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=99340

[Tanzania’s disappearing timber revenue](#)

Millions of pounds worth of timber revenue is being lost every year in Tanzania because of poor governance and rampant corruption in the forestry sector, according to a new report by TRAFFIC International. The report, Forestry, governance and

national development: Lessons learned from a logging boom in southern Tanzania, documents alarming levels of corruption, illegal logging and exports of forest products from Tanzania.

Timber royalty losses amounted to US\$58 million a year in 2004 and 2005. Trade losses are also significant: China imported 10 times more timber from Tanzania than is documented by Tanzania's export records, implying a 90% loss of revenue from this source. And up to 96% of potential timber royalties were lost by central and district governments due to under-collection.

"It's a national tragedy," said TRAFFIC's executive director, Steven Broad. "Income from a sustainably managed timber industry should be assisting national development and alleviating poverty, not ending up in criminals' bank accounts."

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=103600

[New report urges global action on fire](#)

The Global Fire Partnership (GFP) has released a new report, *Fire, Ecosystems and People: Threats and Strategies for Global Biodiversity Conservation*, that presents the most comprehensive study to date of the changing role of fire around the world. The findings demonstrate that across most of the world people have altered the way fire is behaving, with often serious and even irreversible consequences.

Last year, many countries experienced their worst fire season in half a century. Wildfires are becoming more frequent and intense, putting people and nature at risk.

"Fire is truly a global conservation issue," said Ayn Shlisky, director of the Nature Conservancy's Global Fire Initiative. "Too much, too little or even the wrong kind of fire can be very destructive. If we want to protect people and stop the further degradation of our environment, we need to act now to restore the natural balance of fire in our landscapes."

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=102600

[Global Soy Roundtable meets in Brazil](#)

With more than 50 members, representing some 20% of the world soy trade, the newly established Roundtable on Responsible Soy (RTRS) has held its first general assembly in São Paulo. Not least among its tasks was to begin the process for developing globally applicable criteria for responsible soy production and trade.

Established in November 2006, the RTRS is a global association of soy producers, processors and traders, as well as financial institutions and NGOs, created to address the growing demand for environmentally and socially sound soy production. The RTRS enables stakeholders and interested parties to develop global solutions leading to responsible soy production.

"The RTRS will create a sea change in the soy industry," declared ABN Amro's Christopher Wells, who was elected President of the RTRS. "Soy can be produced and sourced in a profitable way that respects both people and nature."

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=102540

[WWF calls on Indian business to commit to sustainable palm oil](#)

At a business seminar in Mumbai on World Forest Day, WWF called on companies in India to produce and source sustainable palm oil by engaging in the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO).

India is one of the world's major users of palm oil, importing around 3 million tonnes, mostly from Indonesia and Malaysia, every year.

To meet this growing demand, more areas are likely to be used for oil palm cultivation, which adds further pressure on valuable forests and other natural resources around the world. Forest loss in South-east Asia has accelerated since 2000, one of the reasons being the expansion of oil palm plantations.

"WWF is working with business and industry to develop sustainable palm oil purchasing policies and practices, to help combat tropical forest loss

globally and to secure livelihoods for local people," explained Ravi Singh of WWF-India.

The seminar was organised to help India's business and industry sector understand the emerging issues relating to palm oil, to share the experience of key players in other countries, and to explore options to minimise the industry's ecological footprint.

EU governments failing the forests

European governments are dragging their heels on a key EU initiative designed to tackle illegal logging, according to a new assessment published by WWF.

The Illegal Logging Government Barometer shows that the UK and Austria are doing the most, and Ireland and the Czech Republic the least, to prevent unsustainable timber coming into the EU.

The Barometer assesses the efforts of European governments to implement the EU's Action Plan on Forest Law Enforcement Governance and Trade (FLEGT), which encourages voluntary partnerships

between EU member states and timber-producing countries to reduce illegal logging. Each EU government has also committed itself to devise a national action plan to eliminate the trade in illegal and unsustainable timber and wood products.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=100200

Indigenous land under threat in Brazil

Protected areas in the Brazilian state of Rondonia are increasingly being encroached upon by developers, farmers, cattle ranchers, miners, fishermen, hunters and illegal loggers. Even indigenous land protected under Brazil's constitution is affected.

WWF-Brazil's partner organisation, Kanindé, which works with traditional populations, has warned that frequent violations to land tenure belonging to the Uru-Eu-Wau-Wau indigenous people are leading to large-scale deforestation.



“The authorities have done very little to stop this, thus exposing indigenous populations to a situation that jeopardises their existence and being lenient to the devastation of huge forest areas,” said Ivaneide Bandeira Cardozo, director of Kanindé.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=99940

Rainforests for biodiesel?

Unless demand for palm oil as a biofuel is met through oil palm grown on fallow and previously uncultivated land, and not through clearing of valuable rainforests, palm oil as a renewable energy source is not climate-friendly, says WWF.

On the surface, the use of palm oil as an energy source appears environmentally-friendly as it replaces fossil fuels and is CO₂-neutral. But when the entire production chain of turning palm oil into a biofuel is taken into account, a different picture emerges.

A new study, Rainforests for Biodiesel?, commissioned by WWF, investigates the environmental effects of oil palm cultivation, looks at various land-use changes and calculates the corresponding energy and greenhouse gas balances. It is the first study to provide an “ecobalance” calculation of palm oil cultivation.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=99600

Colombia expands Amazon protection

A new national park in Colombia will add to the protection of flora and fauna in the Amazon basin. The Complejo Volcanico Doña Juana-Casacabel National Natural Park, in south-west Colombia, covers 65,858 hectares of diverse forests and is home to threatened species such as the Andean bear and mountain tapir.

Four new plants have recently been recorded in the area, and 471 bird species, representing 27% of Colombia’s birdlife, are also found there. The water sources originating in the Doña Juana-Casacabel feed several major tributaries of the Amazon, and provide drinking water for 11 municipalities.

“The declaration of the park represents a highly valuable conservation opportunity for the ecosystems which connect the south-east Colombian Andes with the Amazon,” said Luis German Naranjo of WWF-Colombia.

Read more at:

http://www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/news/index.cfm?uNewsID=97540

Useful reports

Government Barometer 2007

WWF, April 2007

The first Government Barometer on Illegal logging and Trade was carried out in early 2004, as a means of gauging EU member states' commitment to implementing the FLEGT action plan agreed in 2003. The Barometer is now undertaken annually to assess how the actions are being progressed by member states, and this is the fourth such review. There is positive action to report – but at a general level, progress towards meeting the commitments is unacceptably slow.

View this report at:

<http://www.wwf.org.uk/barometer/intro.asp>

Illegal Logging: Cut it out!

WWF, January 2007

This report looks at the UK's consumption of illegal timber, agreements with other countries, and more. It ties in with the FLEGT process looking at how EU countries plan to reduce illegal timber consumption.

Download this report as a PDF:

http://www.wwf.org.uk/news/n_0000003562.asp

Gone in an Instant

WWF, January 2007

This report highlights the trade in illegally grown coffee, and how it is driving the destruction of

rhino, tiger and elephant habitats in the Bukit Barisan Selatan National Park in Sumatra.

Download this report as a PDF:

<http://assets.panda.org/downloads/goneinaninstantbbscoffeereport2007.pdf>

OPL in the Suburbs

WWF and BioRegional, November 2006

This report uses the principles of One Planet Living to highlight the challenges and opportunities of creating sustainable communities in existing areas. As 86% of people in the UK live in suburbs, and the ecological impact of these areas is generally large, this report focuses on suburbia and uses Solihull as a primary case study.

Download this report as a PDF:

www.wwf.org.uk/sustainablehomes/index.asp

Tissue giants get mixed scores for forest-friendly practices

WWF, October 2006

As part of its annual environmental performance assessment, WWF scored five major tissue manufacturers that make up 75% of the European market – Georgia-Pacific, Kimberly-Clark, Metsa Tissue, Procter & Gamble and SCA Tissue – across a range of criteria, including their levels of recycled content, wood sourcing practices, pollution control and transparency. This year, two of the five



companies achieved a score of more than 50%, compared with none in 2005. Metsa Tissue received a 53% score, while SCA Tissue achieved 69%, the only company to get a "green mark".

To view the results of this study, visit:

www.panda.org/news_facts/newsroom/index.cfm?uNewsID=82120

Keep it legal – Best practices for keeping illegally harvested timber out of your supply chain

WWF, October 2006

This manual has been developed by the WWF Global Forest & Trade Network for use by organisations wishing to extend a programme of responsible purchasing to address difficulties arising from possible trade in illegal forest products. The manual adds detail to legality issues encountered by companies adopting a responsible purchasing programme.

WWF intends the manual to become the first point of reference for all parts of the timber supply chain seeking to establish what represents current best practice with respect to buying, processing and selling legal timber and timber products. It consolidates the efforts of many parties, including companies at the forefront of efforts to avoid the use of illegally harvested timber.

Download this report as a PDF:

www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/publications/index.cfm?uNewsID=82060

Guide to Responsible Purchasing of Forest Products – Second edition

WWF, September 2006

The WWF Global Forest & Trade Network has developed this guide for use by a purchasing organisation wishing to develop a programme for the responsible purchasing of forest products. The guide lays out a generic approach for developing and implementing a responsible purchasing policy.

Download this report as a PDF:

www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/publications/index.cfm?uNewsID=80500

Cork Screwed? Environmental and economic impacts of the cork stoppers market
WWF, May 2006

This report looks at the benefits of cork, and the impacts and threats faced by cork oak landscapes. It has a particular focus on the cork stopper market.

Download this report as a PDF:

www.wwf.org.uk/filelibrary/pdf/corkscrewed.pdf

Capital Offence

WWF, March 2006

This report takes the form of a league table of London local authorities and their policies on sourcing timber.

Download this report as a PDF:

www.wwf.org.uk/filelibrary/pdf/capitaloffence.pdf

Beyond Belief – Linking faiths and protected areas for biodiversity conservation

WWF/ARC, February 2006

A WWF/ARC publication with a special focus on the links between faiths and the world's growing protected areas network.

Download this report as a PDF:

<http://assets.panda.org/downloads/beyondbelief.pdf>

Legal Forest Destruction

WWF and other NGOs, February 2006

This report aims to provide more insight into the realities of illegal logging. It presents cases of illegal logging on every continent and in a variety of forest types, in which the negative social and ecological effects are profound.

For a copy of this report, contact James Horne:

jhorne@wwf.org.uk

Failing the Forests: Europe's illegal timber trade

WWF, November 2005

The report, which focuses on the trade between EU countries and the Amazon and Congo basins, east Africa, Indonesia, the Baltic States and Russia, finds that the EU is responsible for around ?3 billion of the



global ?10-15 billion in lost revenue due to illegal logging each year.

Download this report as a PDF:

<http://assets.panda.org/downloads/failingforests.pdf>

**Oil palm, soy and tropical forests:
a strategy for life
WWF, October 2005**

Plantations of soy and oil palm in the tropics already cover an area the size of France, and every year yet

more forest is cleared for these crops. As well as animal feed, palm oil and soy are used in a vast range of everyday products, including margarine, ice cream, cosmetics and detergents. WWF is encouraging responsible soy and oil palm cultivation that conserves both the natural environment and the livelihoods of people.

Download this report as a PDF:

<http://assets.panda.org/downloads/fcibrochure.pdf>

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Forthcoming WWF Reports

WWF-UK is looking at the trade in timber between the UK and a number of countries. Reports will be published later in the year, including one on UK illegal logging. This will examine particular sectors, consider actions to counteract illegal logging, and

look at the effectiveness of current measures and policies.

If any upcoming reports refer to FTN members in any way, we will endeavour to be in touch before publication.

Useful websites

WWF-UK policy and WWF International position statements:

www.wwf.org.uk/researcher/issues/forests/0000000198.asp

WWF-UK forests information:

www.wwf.org.uk/forests

Joint ENGO statement on Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade (FLEGT):

www.panda.org/downloads/europe/controllingtimberimportsintotheeu.pdf

WWF Global Forest & Trade Network (GFTN) website:

www.panda.org/forestandtrade

This includes links to the GFTN responsible purchasing guide for forest products, GFTN members list, and GFTN contacts list.

WWF GFTN Asia website:

www.forestandtradeasia.org

This website provides practical guidance and news updates on forest certification, responsible wood sourcing and forest-friendly investment in the Asia-Pacific region (China, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea and Vietnam).

WWF International forest news and publications:

www.panda.org/about_wwf/what_we_do/forests/our_solutions/responsible_forestry/news/index.cfm

Forest Certification Resource Centre:

www.certifiedwood.org

Confirmation of FSC certification of a company by certification number or company name.

Transparency International:

www.transparency.org

The 2005 Transparency International Corruption Perceptions Index 2005 focuses on illegal activities in the forest sector.

Illegal logging:

www.illegal-logging.info

This Chatham House site is a central point of information on all aspects of the international debate on the control of illegal logging and forest crime.

The site contains brief summaries of the key issues, documents and links to other relevant sites.

Forest Stewardship Council UK:

www.fsc-uk.org

For information regarding FSC certification or chain of custody, contact FSC UK:

t: 01686 413916

e: Beck Woodrow:

Beck@fsc-uk.org

The mission of WWF is to stop the degradation of the planet's natural environment and to build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature, by:

- conserving the world's biological diversity
- ensuring that the use of renewable resources is sustainable
- reducing pollution and wasteful consumption



www.wwf.org.uk

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